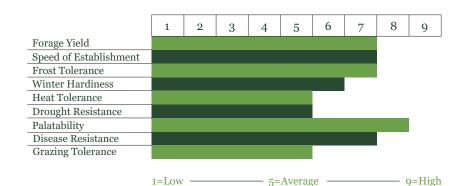
Forage

Icicle

COMMON NAME: Winter Peas

SPECIES: Pisum sativum

Icicle winter peas, released by Progene Research of Washington, is a standard leaf, white flowered pea used for cover crop, livestock and wildlife. With characteristics such as winter hardiness and frost tolerance, Icicle peas are a great addition to satisfy your winter forage needs. When properly inoculated with Rhizobium bacteria at planting time, Icicle peas do an excellent job of fixing and storing nitrogen from the air.



MEDIUM MATURITY

USAGE	LIVESTOCK				
Pasture	Beef				
Cover crop	Sheep Dairy				
Food plots					
Silage	Wildlife				

SEEDING RATES

Monoculture: 60-100 lb per acre

40% mix w/cereals: 40 lb per acre

Mix with ryegrass: 20-40 lb per acre

Wildlife food plots: 20-40 lb per acre



Icicle

Forage

COMMON NAME:

Winter Peas

SEED COUNT:

4,000 seeds/lb



FERTILIZER MANAGEMENT

- Taking a soil test is highly recommended.
 Consult with your local extension service or fertilizer dealer for specific recommendations.
- Correct acidity: 5.8 7 is ideal.
- Inoculate seed with Rhizobium bacteria to encourage nitrogen fixation.

CLIMATE

ZONES

2A 3A, 4A 3B, 4B 3C, 4C 5,6

J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	Ο	N	D
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MONTHS OF SOWING

SOIL TYPE

Adapted to a wide range of soils from clay loam to sandy loam. Soil should have adequate surface drainage.

GRAZING MANAGEMENT

- Graze when new pasture is 6 inches tall.
- Rotational grazing at a 14-21 day interval is recommended.
- Do not graze shorter than 3 inches.
- Avoid grazing when frozen.

CUTTING MANAGEMENT

- Highest quality of hay and silage will be cut at medium pod stage.
- Cutting at an earlier stage will facilitate a second cutting under ideal conditions.
- Never cut below 3 inches if a second cutting is desired.

