Chancellor

COMMON NAME: Chewings Fescue species: *Festuca rubra commutata*

Turf

Chancellor chewings fescue is an improved variety developed by OreGro research. Exhibiting excellent texture and density, Chancellor is an excellent choice for lawns, parks, golf courses, and sports fields. Used in a monostand, or mixed with perennial ryegrass and Kentucky bluegrass, Chancellor exhibits great turf quality under less than ideal conditions, such as drought and shade.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Turf Quality									
Color									
Texture									
Density									
Drought Tolerance									-
Shade Tolerance									
Winter Survival									
Disease Resistance									
	1=Low			5=	Averag	;e —			9=High

MEDIUM MATURITY

USAGE
Home lawns
Sports fields
Parks
Roadsides
Low maintenance

SEEDING RATES

100% Chancellor or with fine fescues: Mixed with ryegrass and bluegrass:

Home lawns: 6-8 lb per 1,000 sqft

Home lawns: 5-6 lb per 1,000 sqft

Parks, Roughs: 250 lb per acre

Parks, Roughs: 200 lb per acre

Chancellor

Turf



SINCE 1999

COMMON NAME: Chewings Fescue

SEED COUNT: 450,000 seeds/lb

FERTILIZER MANAGEMENT

- Always take a soil test and consult your local extension service or fertilizer dealer for specific recommendations.
- Correct soil acidity, best between 5.5 and 7.
- Sowing: depending on the results of the soil test, a complete fertilizer such as 16-16-16 at 5 lb per 1,000 sqft, is helpful for establishment.
- Applying 1 lb of nitrogen per 1,000 sqft four times per year will keep the turf a pleasant green color. One of the applications should be made in the late fall.
- For low maintenance, cut nitrogen in half.

CLIMATE	MONTHS OF SOWING											
ZONES	J	F	Μ	А	Μ	J	J	А	S	0	Ν	D
3B												
3C, 4C												
4A, 4B												
5A, 5B												
6A, 6B, 7												

SOIL TYPE

Adapted to a wide range of soils from clay loam to sandy loam. Soil should have adequate surface drainage.

IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT

- Sowing: Keep soil uniformly moist until grass has emerged. Reduce watering, depending on weather conditions.
- Maintenance: Depending on weather conditions, irrigate as needed to prevent wilting and dormancy. Irrigating deeply and infrequently will force deeper rooting and enhance drought tolerance.

MOWING MANAGEMENT

- Healthiest mowing height is between 2 and 3 inches. Mow when no more than 1/3 of the leaf blade is removed.
- Sports fields may be mowed shorter for short periods of time.
- Roadsides/low maintenance: mow once per year up to once a month. Mow higher for better turf resilience.



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